

Das Verb to be im Präsens

1. Person Sg.	I	am	ich	bin
2. Person Sg./Pl.	you		du / ihr / Sie	
1. Person Pl.	we	are	wir	
3. Person Pl.	they		sie (Pl)	sind
3. Person Sg.	he		er	
	she	is	sie	ist
	it		es	
Imperativ:		Be quiet!	Sei / Seid leise!	
Infinitiv:		You must be Tom. I want to be a rockstar.	Du musst Tom sein . Ich will ein Rockstar sein .	

EXERCISE 1 Setze die richtige Form von *to be* ein: am, is oder are.

- 1) Susan _____ twelve years old.
- 2) I _____ from London.
- 3) Nick and Bill _____ in the garden.
- 4) They _____ teachers.
- 5) _____ you in my class?
- 6) Our dogs _____ nice.
- 7) It _____ cold in here.
- 8) The cat _____ on the sofa.
- 9) I _____ here.
- 10) _____ we at school?
- 11) My pencil _____ green.
- 12) You _____ cool.
- 13) Our kids _____ at home.
- 14) He _____ in his room.
- 15) We _____ happy.
- 16) The boys _____ with their grandma.
- 17) She _____ my friend.
- 18) Sally _____ a very nice girl.
- 19) We _____ in the garden.
- 20) Our dog _____ in its basket.
- 21) Mr Parker and Miss Hunt _____ teachers at my school.
- 22) _____ you in my class?
- 23) We _____ good friends.
- 24) I _____ from Germany.
- 25) _____ Alex a boy or a girl?
- 26) Berlin _____ in Germany.
- 27) Where _____ your friends?

- 28) I _____ happy.
- 29) _____ they from London?
- 30) You _____ Lucy's sister.
- 31) _____ she 11 years old?
- 32) This book _____ interesting.
- 33) We _____ in our room.
- 34) Our house _____ in Elm Street.
- 35) He _____ Debbie's cousin.
- 36) There _____ two dogs outside.
- 37) Today it _____ very cold.
- 38) You _____ too young.
- 39) Our cat _____ small.
- 40) _____ I very clever?
- 41) The Millers _____ at a party.
- 42) My brothers _____ here.
- 43) He _____ fifteen years old.

EXERCISE 2 Setze *am*, *is*, *are* oder *be* ein.

- a) Miss Hunt _____ a good teacher.
- b) We _____ at the park.
- c) You can _____ my friend.
- e) She _____ my grandma.
- f) Can he _____ here?
- g) I _____ not interested.
- h) _____ Mike at school?
- i) It _____ a great restaurant.
- j) Kids, please _____ nice!
- k) They want to _____ singers.
- l) Lucy and her sister _____ in the chess club.
- m) _____ these children your friends?
- n) Your dad _____ very nice.
- o) Luke, _____ quiet now!
- p) Can I _____ at the party, too?
- q) _____ you Sally's brother?
- r) It _____ a beautiful day.
- s) Your school bag _____ new.
- t) She wants to _____ Jeff's girlfriend.

Lösungen: Das Verb to be im Präsens

EXERCISE 1 Setze die richtige Form von *to be* ein: am, is oder are.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) Susan is twelve years old. | 22) Are you in my class? |
| 2) I am from London. | 23) We are good friends. |
| 3) Nick and Bill are in the garden. | 24) I am from Germany. |
| 4) They are teachers. | 25) Is Alex a boy or a girl? |
| 5) Are you in my class? | 26) Berlin is in Germany. |
| 6) Our dogs are nice. | 27) Where are your friends? |
| 7) It is cold in here. | 28) I am happy. |
| 8) The cat is on the sofa. | 29) Are they from London? |
| 9) I am here. | 30) You are Lucy's sister. |
| 10) Are we at school? | 31) Is she 11 years old? |
| 11) My pencil is green. | 32) This book is interesting. |
| 12) You are cool. | 33) We are in our room. |
| 13) Our kids are at home. | 34) Our house is in Elm Street. |
| 14) He is in his room. | 35) He is Debbie's cousin. |
| 15) We are happy. | 36) There are two dogs outside. |
| 16) The boys are with their grandma. | 37) Today it is very cold. |
| 17) She is my friend. | 38) You are too young. |
| 18) Sally is a very nice girl. | 39) Our cat is small. |
| 19) We are in the garden. | 40) Am I very clever? |
| 20) Our dog is in its basket. | 41) The Millers are at a party. |
| 21) Mr Parker and Miss Hunt are teachers at my school. | 42) My brothers are here. |
| | 43) He is fifteen years old. |

EXERCISE 2 a) Miss Hunt **is** a good teacher.

- b) We **are** at the park.
- c) You can **be** my friend.
- e) She **is** my grandma.
- f) Can he **be** here?
- g) I **am** not interested.
- h) **Is** Mike at school?
- i) It **is** a great restaurant.
- j) Kids, please **be** nice!
- k) They want to **be** singers.
- l) Lucy and her sister **are** in the chess club.
- m) **Are** these children your friends?
- n) Your dad **is** very nice.
- o) Luke, **be** quiet now!
- p) Can I **be** at the party, too?
- q) **Are** you Sally's brother?
- r) It **is** a beautiful day.
- s) Your school bag **is** new.
- t) She wants to **be** Jeff's girlfriend.

To be und seine Kurzformen

	bejahte Sätze		verneinte Sätze	
	Langform	Kurzform	Langform	Kurzform
<i>ich bin</i>	I am	I'm	I am not	I'm not
<i>er / sie / es ist</i>	he she is it	he's she's it's	he she is not it	he she isn't it
<i>wir sind</i> <i>sie sind</i> <i>du bist / ihr seid</i>	we they are you	we're they're you're	we they are not you	we they aren't you
<i>Der Imperativ</i>	Be quiet!		Don't be quiet!	
<i>Der Infinitiv</i>	You can be quiet!			

EXERCISE 1 Ersetze die Langformen durch Kurzformen.

- a) I am German.
 - b) She is silly.
 - c) They are not in Hamburg.
 - d) We are English.
 - e) He is not in my class.
 - f) It is nice.
 - g) You are my friends.
 - h) I am not Tom's sister.
 - i) They are my brothers.
 - j) We are not teachers.
 - k) You are not happy.
 - l) She is not from America.
 - m) It is not good.
 - n) He is Ben's cousin.

EXERCISE 3 Verneine die Sätze. Verwende dabei die Kurzformen (aren't, isn't ...).

- a) Nick is clever.
 - b) You are nice.
 - c) I am new in London.
 - d) London is great.
 - e) The kids are in their rooms.
 - f) We are here.
 - g) My school bag is new.
 - h) You are outside.
 - i) Paris is in France.
 - j) I am in his class.

Lösungen: To be und seine Kurzformen

EXERCISE 1 Ersetze die Langformen durch Kurzformen.

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) I'm German. | b) She's silly. |
| c) They aren't in Hamburg. | d) We're English. |
| e) He isn't in my class. | f) It's nice. |
| g) You're my friends. | h) I'm not Tom's sister. |
| i) They're my brothers. | j) We aren't teachers. |
| k) You're not happy. | l) She isn't from America. |
| m) It's not good. | n) He's Ben's cousin. |

EXERCISE 3 Verneine die Sätze. Verwende dabei die Kurzformen (aren't, isn't ...).

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Nick isn't clever. | b) You aren't nice. |
| c) I'm not new in London. | d) London isn't great. |
| e) The kids aren't in their rooms. | f) We aren't here. |
| g) My school bag isn't new. | h) You aren't outside. |
| i) Paris isn't in France. | j) I'm not in his class. |

Fragen mit to be im simple present

Es ist leicht, einen Satz mit to be (am, is, are) zur Frage zu machen: **Man vertauscht einfach die Plätze von Subjekt und Verb.** Das funktioniert im Deutschen genauso:

You are nice.

Du bist nett.

Are you nice?

Bist du nett?

Davor kann auch noch ein Fragewort treten:

You are from Germany.

Du kommst aus Deutschland.

Where are you from?

Wo kommst du her?

Die wichtigsten Fragewörter sind:

who?

wer?

what?

was?

when?

wann?

where?

wo?

why?

warum?

how?

wie?

EXERCISE 1 Verwandle die Fragen in Aussagesätze und umgekehrt.

a) Kelly is at home.	<i>Is Kelly at home?</i>
	b) Are you from Scotland?
c) The Bakers are in the living room.	
	d) Am I right?
e) We are friends.	
	f) Are the dogs in the garden?
g) They are happy.	
	h) Is it cold?
i) I'm alone.	
	j) Are my brothers outside?

EXERCISE 2 Schreibe die Frage auf, die zu der Antwort passt.

a) Yes, I am Lisa's sister.

Frage: Are you Lisa's sister?

b) No, he isn't from London.

Frage: _____

c) Yes, they are in my class.

d) No, she isn't my cousin.

e) Yes, we are pupils.

f) No, I'm not fifteen.

g) No, we aren't German.

EXERCISE 3 Bilde eine Frage aus den Satzbausteinen.

a) Kate / a girl?	Is Kate a girl?
b) I / pretty?	
c) you / from Germany?	
d) the dog / in the garden?	
e) they / at school?	
f) he / fifteen?	
g) your friend / happy?	
h) the cats / on the sofa?	
i) it / hot?	
j) I / wrong?	
k) she / clever?	
l) we / at home?	

EXERCISE 4 Frage nach den unterstrichenen Satzteilen.

a) Jamie is in the garden. – Where is Jamie?

b) Jeff and Anne are inside because it's cold. – warum ...?

c) She is at school in the morning. – wann ...?

d) We are in Berlin. – wo ...?

e) It is a present. – was ...?

f) Susan is my girlfriend. – wer ...?

g) I am in the house.

h) Sebastian is happy because his girlfriend is here.

LÖSUNGEN: Fragen mit to be im simple present

EXERCISE 1 Verwandle die Fragen in Aussagesätze und umgekehrt.

a) Kelly is at home.	<i>Is Kelly at home?</i>
You are from Scotland.	b) Are you from Scotland?
c) The Bakers are in the living room.	Are the Bakers in the living room?
I am right.	d) Am I right?
e) We are friends.	Are we friends?
The dogs are in the garden.	f) Are the dogs in the garden?
g) They are happy.	Are they happy?
It is cold.	h) Is it cold?
i) I'm alone.	Am I alone?
My brothers are outside.	j) Are my brothers outside?

EXERCISE 2

- b) Is he from London?
- c) Are they in your class?
- d) Is she your cousin?
- e) Are you pupils?
- f) Are you fifteen?
- g) Are you German?

EXERCISE 3 Bilde eine Frage aus den Satzbausteinen.

a) Kate / a girl?	Is Kate a girl?
b) I / pretty?	Am I pretty?
c) you / from Germany?	Are you from Germany?
d) the dog / in the garden?	Is the dog in the garden?
e) they / at school?	Are they at school?
f) he / fifteen?	Is he fifteen?
g) your friend / happy?	Is your friend happy?
h) the cats / on the sofa?	Are the cats on the sofa?
i) it / hot?	Is it hot?
j) I / wrong?	Am I wrong?
k) she / clever?	Is she clever?
l) we / at home?	Are we at home?

EXERCISE 4

- b) Why are Jeff and Anne inside?
- c) When is she at school?
- d) Where are you (we)?
- e) What is it?
- f) Who is my girlfriend?
- g) Where are you (where am I)?
- h) Why is Sebastian happy?

Kurzantworten mit to be im simple present

Im Englischen antwortet man auf eine Frage gewöhnlich nicht nur mit „yes“ oder „no“ – das wäre unhöflich.

Stattdessen gebraucht man noch einmal ein passendes Personalpronomen (*I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they*) und eine Form von **to be** (*am, is, are*).

Is Sue nice? – Yes, she is. Are you happy? – No, I'm not.	Ist Sue nett? – Ja, ist sie. Bist du glücklich? – Nein, bin ich nicht.
Hier noch ein paar Beispiele.	
Bill, are you happy?	Yes, I am.
Bill and Tom, are you happy?	Yes, we are.
Is Tom happy?	Yes, he is.
Is Sally happy?	Yes, she is.
Is the bird happy?	Yes, it is.
Are Tom and Sally happy?	Yes, they are.
Wichtig: Bei den positiven Kurzantworten darf man keine Kurzformen verwenden!	
Are you happy? – Yes, I'm .	Richtig: Yes, I am.
Is he happy? – Yes, he's .	Richtig: Yes, he is.

EXERCISE 1 Verbinde die Frage mit der richtigen Kurzantwort.

a) Are you from England?		No, they aren't.
b) Is Jane from Munich?		Yes, it is.
c) Are your parents at home?		Yes, he is.
d) Is it warm?		Yes, I am.
e) Is the boy at school?		Yes, we are.
f) Are we ready?		No, she isn't.

EXERCISE 2 Beantworte diese Fragen über dich selbst mit Kurzantworten: *Yes, I am* oder *No, I'm not*.

- a) Are you German?
- b) Are you eleven years old?
- c) Are you at school?
- d) Are you at home?
- e) Are you busy?

EXERCISE 3 Kreuze alle Kurzantworten an, die zur Frage passen. Manchmal sind mehrere möglich.

- a) Is Haley your friend?
 Yes, she is. No, she isn't. No, she is.

- b) Are Tom and Jeff classmates?
[] Yes, we are. [] Yes, they are. [] Yes, he is.
- c) Am I right?
[] No, you're not. [] Yes, you are. [] Yes, you aren't.
- d) Are your parents at work?
[] No, he isn't. [] Yes, she is. [] Yes, they are.
- e) Are you twelve?
[] Yes, I'm. [] Yes, I am. [] No, I am.
- f) Is Tony in the bathroom?
[] Yes, we are. [] Yes, he is. [] No, he isn't.
- g) Is the car big?
[] Yes, it's. [] Yes, it is. [] Yes, it's not.

EXERCISE 2 Vervollständige die Kurzantworten.

- a) Is Jan eleven years old? – Yes, _____.
- b) Miss Hunt, am I in your class? – Yes, _____.
- c) Are the kids in the park? – No, _____.
- d) Sally, are you sad? – No, _____.
- e) Is Steve here? – No, _____.
- f) Sorry, Miss Hunt. Are we too late? – Yes, _____.
- g) Miss Baker, are you from England? – Yes, _____.
- h) Is Berlin a great city? – Yes, _____.
- i) Dad, am I silly? – Yes, _____.
- j) Is Sarah your daughter? – No, _____.
- k) Nick and Debbie, are you twins? – Yes, _____.
- l) Dennis, are you scared? – No, _____.
- m) Mum, are we there yet? – No, Debbie, _____.
- n) Is your car new? – No, _____.
- o) Is your mum a teacher? – Yes, _____.
- p) Are your friends in the garden? – Yes, _____.
- q) Is the book on the bookshelf? – No, _____.
- r) Are your pens in your pencil case? – Yes, _____.
- s) Is the window open? – Yes, _____.
- t) Bob, are you in your room? – No, _____.
- u) Steve and Tobias, are you upstairs? – Yes, _____.
- v) Is the table in the kitchen? – No, _____.
- w) Are your cousins here? – No, _____.

Lösungen: Kurzantworten mit to be im simple present

EXERCISE 1 Verbinde die Frage mit der richtigen Kurzantwort.

- a) Are you from England? – Yes, I am.
- b) Is Jane from Munich? - No, she isn't.
- c) Are your parents at home? – No, they aren't.
- d) Is it warm? – Yes, it is.
- e) Is the boy at school? – Yes, he is.
- f) Are we ready? – Yes, we are.

EXERCISE 3 Kreuze alle Kurzantworten an, die zur Frage passen. Manchmal sind mehrere möglich.

- a) Is Haley your friend?
[x] Yes, she is. [x] No, she isn't. [] No, she is.
- b) Are Tom and Jeff classmates?
[] Yes, we are. [x] Yes, they are. [] Yes, he is.
- c) Am I right?
[x] No, you're not. [x] Yes, you are. [] Yes, you aren't.
- d) Are your parents at work?
[] No, he isn't. [] Yes, she is. [x] Yes, they are.
- e) Are you twelve?
[] Yes, I'm. [x] Yes, I am. [] No, I am.
- f) Is Tony in the bathroom?
[] Yes, we are. [x] Yes, he is. [x] No, he isn't.
- g) Is the car big?
[] Yes, it's. [x] Yes, it is. [] Yes, it's not.

EXERCISE 2 Vervollständige die Kurzantworten.

- a) Is Jan eleven years old? – Yes, **he is**.
- b) Miss Hunt, am I in your class? – Yes, **you are**.
- c) Are the kids in the park? – No, **they aren't**.
- d) Sally, are you sad? – No, **I'm not**.
- e) Is Steve here? – No, **he isn't**.
- f) Sorry, Miss Hunt. Are we too late? – Yes, **you are**.
- g) Miss Baker, are you from England? – Yes, **I am**.
- h) Is Berlin a great city? – Yes, **it is**.
- i) Dad, am I silly? – Yes, **you are**.
- j) Is Sarah your daughter? – No, **she isn't**.
- k) Nick and Debbie, are you twins? – Yes, **we are**.
- l) Dennis, are you scared? – No, **I'm not**.
- m) Mum, are we there yet? – No, Debbie, **we aren't**.
- n) Is your car new? – No, **it isn't**.
- o) Is your mum a teacher? – Yes, **she is**.
- p) Are your friends in the garden? – Yes, **they are**.
- q) Is the book on the bookshelf? – No, **it isn't**.
- r) Are your pens in your pencil case? – Yes, **they are**.
- s) Is the window open? – Yes, **it is**.
- t) Bob, are you in your room? – No, **I'm not**.
- u) Steve and Tobias, are you upstairs? – Yes, **we are**.
- v) Is the table in the kitchen? – No, **it isn't**.
- w) Are your cousins here? – No, **they aren't**.